

CREATION, DEVELOPMENT AND COMMERCIALISATION OF INNOVATION



IMPACT OF MOBILITY AND COLLABORATION ON SCIENTIFIC OUTPUT IN AFRICA: FIRST LESSONS FROM A PAN-AFRICAN SURVEY

Bassirou Diagne Catherine Beaudry and Carl St-Pierre Polytechnique Montreal (Canada)



SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY & INNOVATION INDICATORS

Open indicators: innovation, participation and actor-based STI indicators PARIS 2017

PLAN

- 1 INTRODUCTION
- 2 BACKGROUNG
- 3 METHODOLOGY
- 4 STATISTICS ANALYSIS
- 5 DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSION

INTRODUCTION

- Academic research activity is increasingly viewed as an important contributor to the production of knowledge and thus to innovation and growth
- Country's research system influences its capacity to find innovative solutions to societal problems and needs
- The central role of universities holds even more true for the African countries (Mouton, 2008)
- Comparable findings on scientists in various countries are sparse in general and even more so in developing countries

BACKGROUND

- Several factors influence research performance, which ultimately contributes to building a research career
- A number of these factors are socio-demographic
 - Age (Feist, 2006)
 - Gender (Aksnes *et al.*, 2011; Fox, 2005; Hesli & Lee, 2011; Nakhaie, 2002; Prpić, 2002; Xien & Shauman, 1998, 2003; Zuckerman, 1991).
- Others are related to the choices made by the researchers, collaboration and mobility

BACKGROUND: MOBILITY

- Mobile talent contributes to the creation and diffusion of knowledge, particularly tacit knowledge (OECD, 2001, 2008 and 2010)
- Mobility of academic staff is one of the many aspects of the internationalization of the research system (Knight, 2008; Huang, 2013; Rostan&Höhle, 2014)
- The mobile individuals. Mobile researchers generally have a larger international network and perform better than their non-mobile peers (Franzoni et al., 2012; Cruz &Sanz, 2010)
- Where research is conducted on the basis of national, regional and international interaction is important for scientific success
- **H1**: The impact of mobility on scientific productivity in Africa.

BACKGROUND: COLLABORATION

- Researchers move and collaborate to pursue scientific excellence
- Positive relationship between collaboration and scientific productivity (Lotka 1962; Price and Beaver 1966)
- Multi-project research centers encourage researchers and their universities to collaborate more efficiently (Zucker et al., 2007).
- Positive effect on scientific production of more central scientists in more cliquish networks(Beaudry and Allaoui, 2012)
- **H2**: African researchers who collaborate will also generate more research output.

BACKGROUND: MOBILITY AND COLLABORATION

- Impact of mobility and collaboration on scientific productivity
- Mobility can induce scientific collaboration, new or existing collaboration ties may also drive mobility decisions
- The link between mobility and collaboration is likely to run in both directions
- H3: Mobility has a moderating effect on collaboration

METHODOLOGY

- Web-based survey was conducted between May 2016 and February 2017
- More than 120 000 questionnaires were distributed through two online survey platforms
- Across 21 African countries
- Total of 7 515 completed questionnaires had been received

STATISTICS ANALYSIS ANOVA OUTPUT BY FIELD AN MOBILITY

• First, it should be noted that there are differences in the average productivity among the fields (the two-tailed Mann-Whitney test)

		Mobile			Other	
Variable	STEM	Health	SSH	STEM	Health	SSH
nbArticles	8.782**	10.019*	7.014	8.374	9.381	6.439
nbBooks	.468	.298	.755**	.355	.307	.610
nbChapters	.843***	.751	2.169***	.676	.746	1.709
nbOutreach	2.075	2.554	2.651***	2.330	2.231	2.046

STATISTICS ANALYSIS ANOVA OUTPUT BY AGE AND MOBILITY

 We also analysed how the publication patterns varied with age and mobility

	Mobile					Other			
Variable	Age_1	Age_2	Age_3	Age_4	Age_1	Age_2	Age_3	Age_4	
nbArticles	6.926***	8.959***	9.905**	9.891*	6.058	7.947	8.944	9.154	
${f nbBooks}$.263	.393	.537*	.940***	.220	.266	.450	.605	
nbChapters	.616	.892	1.381***	1.984***	.523	.734	1.008	1.315	
nbOutreach	1.655*	2.191***	2.738	3.138**	1.377	1.975	2.621	2.731	

ANOVA OUTPUT BY FIELD AND COLLABORATION IN OWN UNIVERSITY

• the average output index by field and collaboration in own university

	(CollOwnIns	t	Other			
Variable	STEM	Health	SSH	STEM	Health	SSH	
nbArticles	9.30***	10.502***	7.103***	7.164	7.884	6.287	
${f nbBooks}$.441	.300	.623	.313	.277	.703	
nbChapters	.810**	.644	1.975	.594	.795	1.793	
nbOutreach	2.486***	2.252	2.228	1.800	2.039	2.281	

ANOVA OUTPUT BY FIELD AND COLLABORATION IN OWN COUNTRY

 Collaboration within the country with other researchers

	CollOwnCount			Other			
Variable	STEM	Health	SSH	STEM	Health	SSH	
nbArticles	9.824***	11.318***	7.477***	7.759	8.650	6.396	
nbBooks	.524***	.332*	.75	.318	.269	.634	
nbChapters	.951***	.937***	2.029*	.601	.631	1.828	
nbOutreach	2.797	3.151***	2.675***	1.905	1.890	2.106	

ANOVA OUTPUT BY FIELD AND COLLABORATION IN AFRICA

o collaboration within the African continent

		CollAfrica		Other			
Variable	STEM	Health	SSH	STEM	Health	SSH	
nbArticles	10.464***	11.406***	7.647***	7.552	8.470	6.185	
nbBooks	.573***	.354	.990***	.305	.252	.498	
nbChapters	1.095***	.954**	2.587***	.546	.606	1.520	
nbOutreach	3.017***	2.983***	3.040***	1.844	1.946	1.854	

ANOVA OUTPUT BY FIELD AND COLLABORATION IN OUT OF AFRICA

• publications by field and collaboration in out of Africa

	CollOutAfrica			Other			
Variable	STEM	Health	SSH	STEM	Health	SSH	
nbArticles	9.735***	11.212***	7.011***	7.728	8.645	6.530	
nbBooks	.409	.315	.820***	.386	.278	.593	
nbChapters	.933***	.970***	2.076***	.597	.601	1.791	
nbOutreach	2.532***	2.827***	2.474***	2.045	2.064	2.156	

Article										
Variable	I	II	III	IV	V					
dHealth	YES	YES	YES							
dSTEM	YES	YES	YES							
Age	YES	YES	YES							
dFemale	YES	YES	YES							
dMobility	.0408*									
dCollOwnInst	.1264***									
dCollOwnCount	.1066***									
dCollAfrica	.1272***									
dCollOutAfrica	.0770***									

Article									
Variable	I	II	III	IV	V				
dMobility x dCollOwnInst11		.1667***							
dMobility x dCollOwnInst01		.1462***							
dMobility x dCollOwnInst10		.0790**							
dMobility x dCollOwnCount11			.1417***						
dMobility x dCollOwnCount01			.1138***						
dMobility x dCollOwnCount10			.0531*						
dMobility x dCollAfrica11				.1280***					
dMobility x dCollAfrica01				.1784**					
dMobility x dCollAfrica10				.1132**					
dMobility x dCollOutAfrica11					.1257***				
dMobility x dCollOutAfrica01					.0731**				
dMobility x dCollOutAfrica10					.0373				

	ВО	OKS			
Variable	B1	B2	В3	B4	B 5
dSSH	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
dSTEM	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
Age	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
dFemale	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
dMobility	.2326***				
dCollOwnInst	0759				
dCollOwnCount	.2018***				
dCollAfrica	.3770***				
dCollOutAfrica	.0539				

BOOKS

Variable	B 1	B 2	B 3	B 4	B 5
dMobility x dCollOwnInst11		.1654*			
dMobility x dCollOwnInst01		0307			
dMobility x dCollOwnInst10		.3275***			
dMobility x dCollOwnCount11			.4593***		
dMobility x dCollOwnCount01			.1938**		
dMobility x dCollOwnCount10			.2419***		
dMobility x dCollAfrica11				.6207***	
dMobility x dCollAfrica01				.4017***	
dMobility x dCollAfrica10				.2949***	
dMobility x dCollOutAfrica11					.3229***
dMobility x dCollOutAfrica01					.0241
dMobility x dCollOutAfrica10					.2135***

ANALYSIS OF BOOKS

- Mobility would increase by 26% (expo (0.2326) -1) (p < .01) the chance of publishing a book
- collaboration with other researchers at the national level would improve its productivity by 23% (p < .01)
- collaboration with The continental scale would have a greater impact with an increase of 46% (p < .01)

ANALYSIS OF BOOKS

- Interaction between mobility and collaboration in Africa , we find an 86% (p < .01) increase in the chances of publishing a book
- Interaction between mobility and collaboration at the country level is added, and we get a 58% (p < .01)
- Interaction between mobility and collaboration within the institution, leads to a slight increase of 18% (p < .01)
- Interaction between mobility and collaboration outside Africa, we see that it becomes significant with a 38%

ANALYSIS OF CHAPTERS

- We found that mobility had a positive impact by increasing production by 15% (p < .01)
- Collaboration in Africa would allow 23% (p < .01)
- Other types of collaboration didn't have a significant impact

ANALYSIS OF CHAPTERS

- By adding an interaction variable between mobility and collaboration in Africa in the, we obtain a 44% (p < .01)
- When we integrate an interaction variable between mobility and national collaboration, we find a 29% (p < .01)
- An interaction variable between mobility and collaboration in the same institution increase publication of 23% (p < .01)
- An interaction between mobility and collaboration outside Africa increase production of 23% (p < .01)

DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSION

- Our three hypotheses have been validated in the case of articles well that mobility alone has an impact not very important.
- The mobility combined with the three types of collaboration leads to a very significant impact on the production of African researchers
- Collaboration in Africa plays a major role in the productivity of researchers

DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSION

- In terms of book publishing, mobility and collaboration in Africa are definitely determinant of the fact that the subjects treated are national or continental
- The publication of chapters is like that of books, it is positively impacted by continental mobility and collaboration
- would be interesting to combine this study with bibliometrics studies in order to have a more general view of the scientific production of African researchers

Thank you

Annexes

CHAPTERS

Variable	Ch-1	Ch-2	Ch-3	Ch-4	Ch-5
nbChapters					
Ln(nbKids)	1123	1144	1097	1159	1141
Sqrt(ln(nbKids))	.1280***	.1288***	.1287***	.1277***	.12913***
perCareMe	0020***	0020***	0019***	0020***	0020***
dHomeSA	.1139**	.1110**	.1194***	.1014**	.1118**
Ln(nbWHoursTeaching)	.1228**	.1204**	.1156**	.1196**	.1211**
Sqrt(ln(nbWHoursTeaching))	0402**	0393**	0383**	0389**	0394**
Ln(nbWHoursSupervising)	.3148***	.3108***	.3099***	.3119***	.3116***
Sqrt(ln(nbWHoursSupervising))	0564***	0557***	0560***	0555***	0558***
Ln(nbWHoursResearch)	.0445	.0425	.0687	.0283	.0391
Sqrt(ln(nbWHoursResearch))	0161	0151	0206	0120	0140
Ln(nbWHoursAdmin)	.0868	.0871	.0742	.0872	.0879

Sqrt(Ln(nbWHoursAdmin))	0459**	0458**	0424**	0459**	0460**
Ln(nbWHoursService)	.1033*	.0993	.1026*	.0975	.0980
Sqrt(Ln(nbWHoursService))	0210	0201	0209	0188	0196
Ln(nbWHoursConsult)	.2116***	.2161***	.2153***	.2118***	.2154***
Sqrt(Ln(nbWHoursConsult))	0638***	0654***	0652***	0638***	0649***
Ln(nbWHoursFundraising)	0229	0192	0197	0167	0195
Sqrt(Ln(nbWHoursFundraising))	.0085	.0071	.0040	.00670	.0068
dSSH	.6508***	.6468***	.6410***	.6472***	.6464***
dSTEM	.0270	.0284	.0243	.0313	.0284
Age_1	5287***	5088***	5159***	5107***	5092***
Age_2	5259***	5206***	5214***	5233***	5206***
Age_3	2120***	2118***	2164***	2115***	2114***

Ln(Funds)	0583***	0578***	0570***	0569***	0579***
Sqrt(Ln(Funds))	.0074***	.00733***	.0072***	.0072***	.0073***
dMobility	.1433***				
dCollOwnInst	.0531	.0567	.0557		.0573
dCollOwnCount	.0405	.0417		.0419	.0407
dCollAfrica	.2108***		.2075***	.2115***	.2088***
dCollOutAfrica	.0412	.0430	.0498	.0449	
dMobHQual	0501	0461	0395	0421	0484

dMobility x dCollAfrica11	.3649***			
dMobility x dCollAfrica01	.2139***			
dMobility x dCollAfrica10	.1634***			
dMobility x dCollOwnCount11		.2548***		
dMobility x dCollOwnCount01		0509		
dMobility x dCollOwnCount10		.0507		
dMobility x dCollOwnInst11			.2046***	
dMobility x dCollOwnInst01			.1246***	
dMobility x dCollOwnInst10			.2684***	
dMobility x dCollOutAfrica11				.1925***
dMobility x dCollOutAfrica01				.0637
dMobility x dCollOutAfrica10				.1836***