

## Visualisation and its disruptive/emancipatory uses (discussant: Paul Wouters):



# The web of Challenges of Forthcoming Platforms of Digital Studies. Emancipation and Context of Uses

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CorTexT Platform





Make fucked decision later!

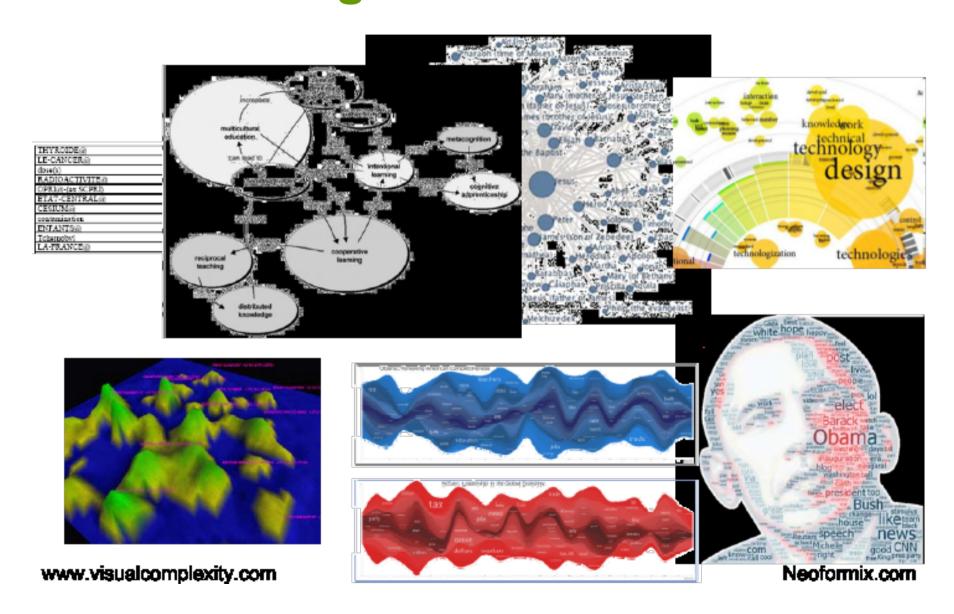








# The Many Ways of vizualising DataSets in Digital Humanities/Studies



# Balkanization of Disciplines and the challenge of Ecosystem of Platforms



- Many sub-disciplines
- Scientometrics
- Informetrics
- Webometrics
- Webstudies
- Network Studies
- CWS studies
- Information Extraction
- TAL
- Knowledge visualisation

- Tracking Projects
- Platforms de Natural Langage Processing
- Plateforms of Science& Technology Mapping
- Digital Humanitis Platforms
   Plateforme Humanités Digitales



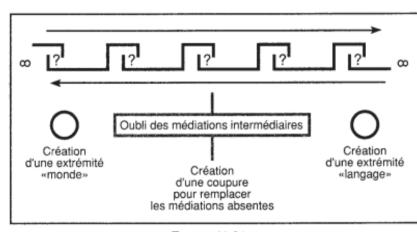
Ecosystems of Platforms

# STS Reminder: The agency of vizualization in Scientific production

- Scientific Facts (SF) are Immutable Mobiles (IM) that are Outcomes of an Institutionalized Experimental Agency (IEA)
- The heterogeneity of this IEA is constitutive of scientific system of practices (SSP): Technical devices + « Small hands » + Discourse + Human Agents + Rules/norms
- The unaccomplished complete description of the IEA stand for the accountability of the IM and enables
   Interpretative Flexibility in research communities

Le «pédofil» de Boa Vista – montage photo-philosophique\*





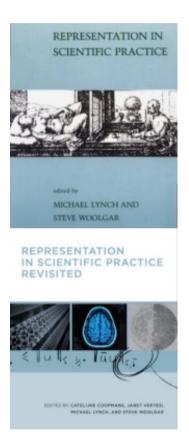
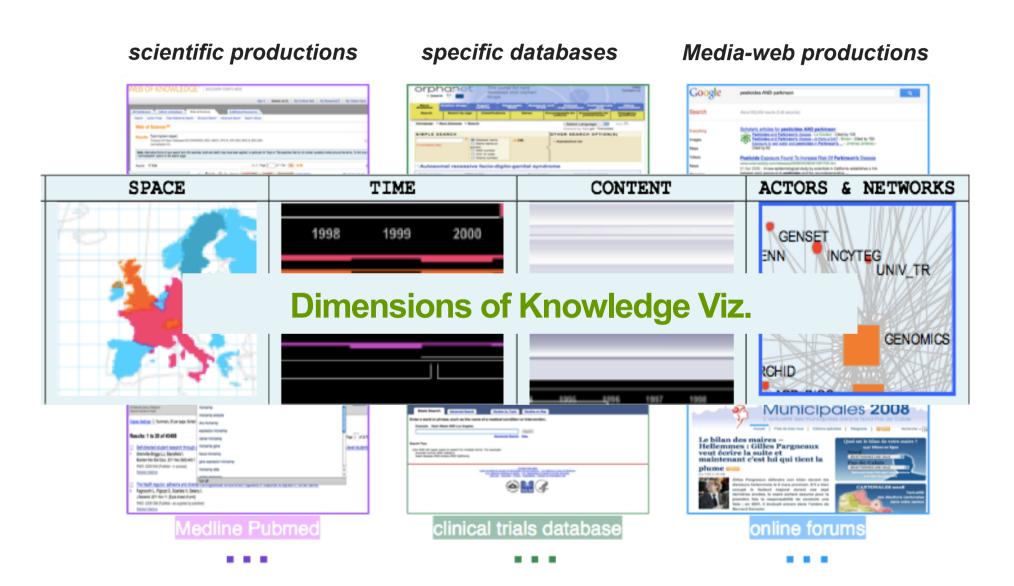
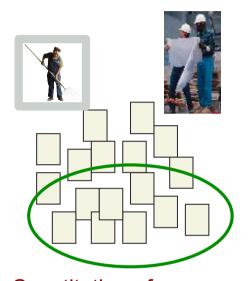


FIGURE 11.24.

# What about available vizualization drivers already in datasets?



# The Human & Technical agency of Viz. Production



Constitution of corpus: capture and parasitism

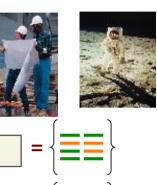


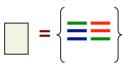
The Analyst

The IT Ing.

The Indigeneous

Expert





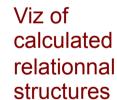
Attribution of descriptors



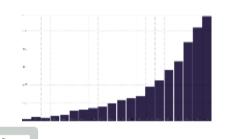
Parsed from native indexation Indirect Ascription

Processed& Stored from Knowledge Extraction

Viz. of Itemsets distributed counting

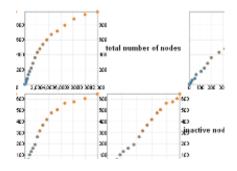


Viz. of stastitical or distributional properties

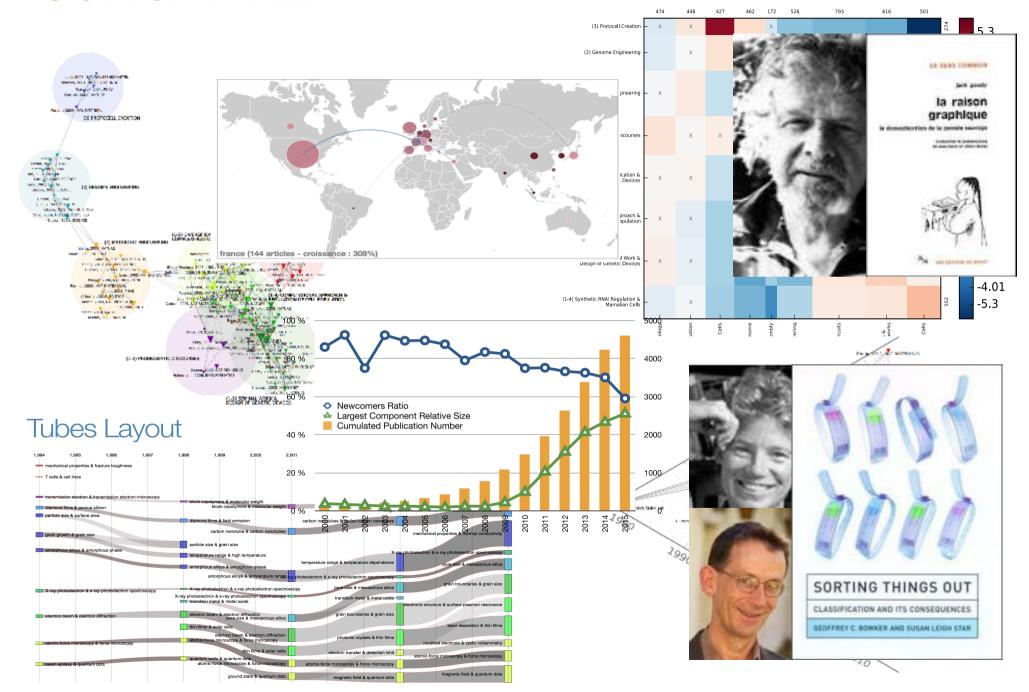




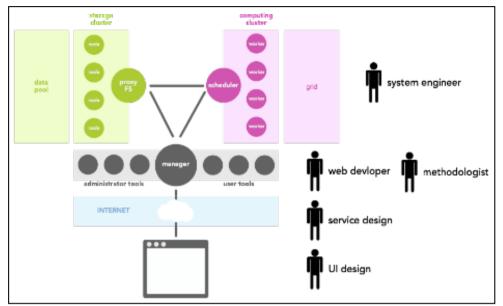


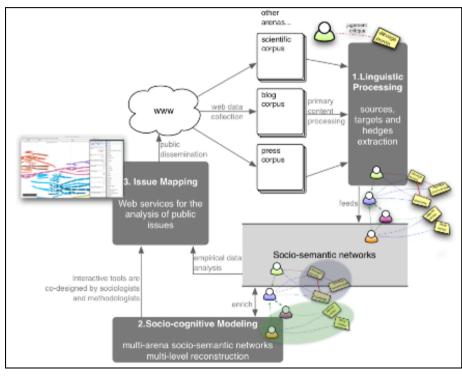


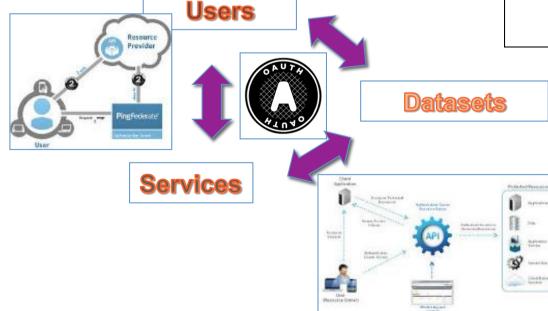
## CorTexT Viz.



# Techniques, Competencies and Organization







## Context of use of CorTexT viz.

- Science Mapping for Science Policy Studies
- Ecology of Knowledge & Infrastructure
- Scientific Community Landscape Modeling
- Characterizing the emergence of scientific communities
- Mapping Issue Framing
- Digital Public Spaces & Politics
- Spatial dynamics & Knowledge production

## Tailoring CorTexT use to Context (0)

CorTexT as a platform for Scientific Production in STS

ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE & POLICY 38 (2014) 254-262



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#### Making taxonomy environmentally relevant. Insights from an All Taxa Biodiversity Inventory



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#### ARTICLE INFO

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Keywords:
Biodiversity
Inventory
Taxonomy
Nature conservation
Collaborative arrangements
Data

#### ABSTRACT

For several decades taxonomy has been marginalized in academic labs and universities. Today, rising concerns over biodiversity and ecosystem services are creating an unprecedented opportunity for it to be viewed as a crucially relevant field. This article aims to scrutinize how the biodiversity concerns entail new collaboration designs between taxonomists and nature managers and between taxonomists and ecologists. Our key point is that taxonomy's environmental relevance is not given: instead, taxonomic data have to be made relevant by taxonomists and their partners in specific collaborative and organizational arrangements. The article draws on an empirical study of an All Taxa Biodiversity Inventory (ATBI) in a national park in the French Alps, including an ethnographic survey combined with scientometric analysis. It was found that the collaboration initiated in the ATBI between taxonomists, ecologists and the park managers was paved with disappointments and reorientations because it partly failed to address the tension between a taxonomic and an ecological approach to the relevance of taxonomic data. The rise of biodiversity and ecosystem services concerns constitutes a "double-edged sword" for taxonomists: while there is greater opportunity for taxonomists to render their work visible through new research collaboration arrangements with ecologists, it also entails a risk that they remain mere data providers for nature managers and ecologists interested in ecosystem functioning.

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## **Tailoring CorTexT use to Context (1)**

CorTexT as a platform for Scientific Communities Strategic reflection

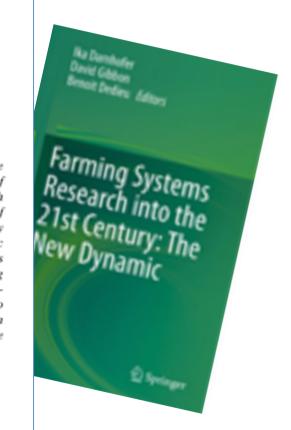
Chapter 4

Textual analysis and scientometric mapping of the dynamic knowledge in and around the IFSA community

Marc Barbier, Marianne Bompart, Véronique Garandel-Batifol, and Andréi Mogoutov

Abstract Using the proceedings of six European IFSA Symposia, we analysed the themes that were central in these Symposia as well as trends from a number of papers and authors. We then assessed the wider domain of agricultural research based on a corpus extracted from the CAB and SCI databases of the Web of Knowledge. The co-word analysis allows the generation of maps which graphically represent how keywords are linked, and allows the identification of thematic clusters. The dynamic of keywords in the period 1991–2007 was also analysed, thus allowing the identification of keywords which were of central importance during different periods. This showed how themes such as sustainability emerged, disappeared and re-emerged under different guises. The various analyses are provided to further the reflexivity of the IFSA community, especially regarding its publication practices and thus its efforts to make results from Farming Systems Research more widely available.

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## **Tailoring CorTexT use to Context (2)**

CorTexT as a platform for Research Domain positioning and analysis

Ecosystem Services ■ (■■■) ■■■-■■■



Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

#### **Ecosystem Services**

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/ecoser



### The place of agricultural sciences in the literature on ecosystem services



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- Se Institut des Systèmes Complexes Paris Ile-de-France (ISC-PIF), 113 rue Nationale, 75013 Paris, France

#### ARTICLE INFO

Article history: Received 6 February 2014 Received in revised form 1 July 2014 Accepted 23 July 2014

Keywords: Bibliometric analysis Semantic networks Ecosystem services Agricultural sciences Socio-ecosystem

#### ABSTRACT

We performed a quantitative and qualitative analysis of the scientific literature on ecosystem services in order to help tracing a research agenda for agricultural sciences. The ecosystem services concept now lies at the heart of current developments to address global environmental change. Do agricultural sciences generate knowledge that covers this emerging theme? An analysis of scientific production allowed us to return to the ecological origins of this concept and see how little it has been appropriated by agricultural sciences until now, despite major focus on the issue of agro-ecosystems in the literature. Agricultural sciences tend to be more active in the field of environmental services, defined as services rendered by humans to ecosystems. The main studied services are those which have already been clearly identified and which act in synergy. Less attention is paid to the antagonisms between different services. These findings call for the implementation of agricultural research programmes that will consider the socio-agro-ecosystem as a whole and broaden the traditional issues addressed by agricultural sciences. We insist on three main management and operational issues that needs to be overcome if this is to be done: working at the landscape scale, increasing inter-disciplinary collaborations and take uncertainties into account.

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Tancoigne, E., et al., The place of agricultural sciences in the literature on ecosystem services. Ecosystem Services (2014), http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.ecoser.2014.07.004i

## Tailoring CorTexT use to Context (3)

CorTexT as a platform for Impact analysis of Public Research Programme



http://www.agence-nationale-recherche.fr/fileadmin/documents/2016/Rapport-Impact-Agro\_ANR-Inra.pdf

Tailoring CorTexT use to Context (4)

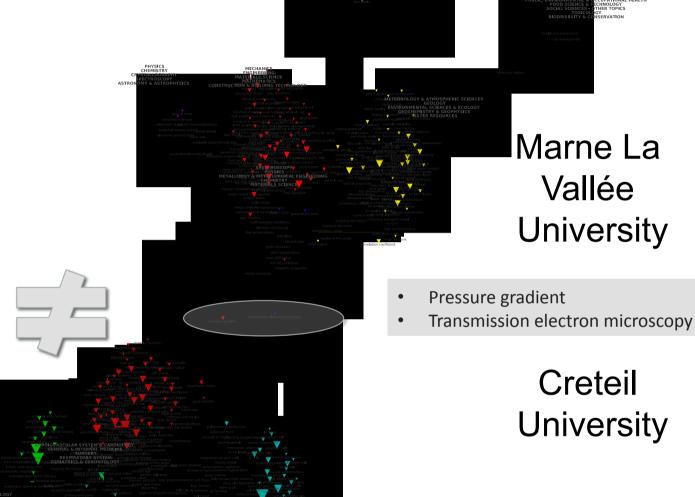
# CorTexT as a platform for Institutional Investments inPublic Science

#### Fronts of sciences

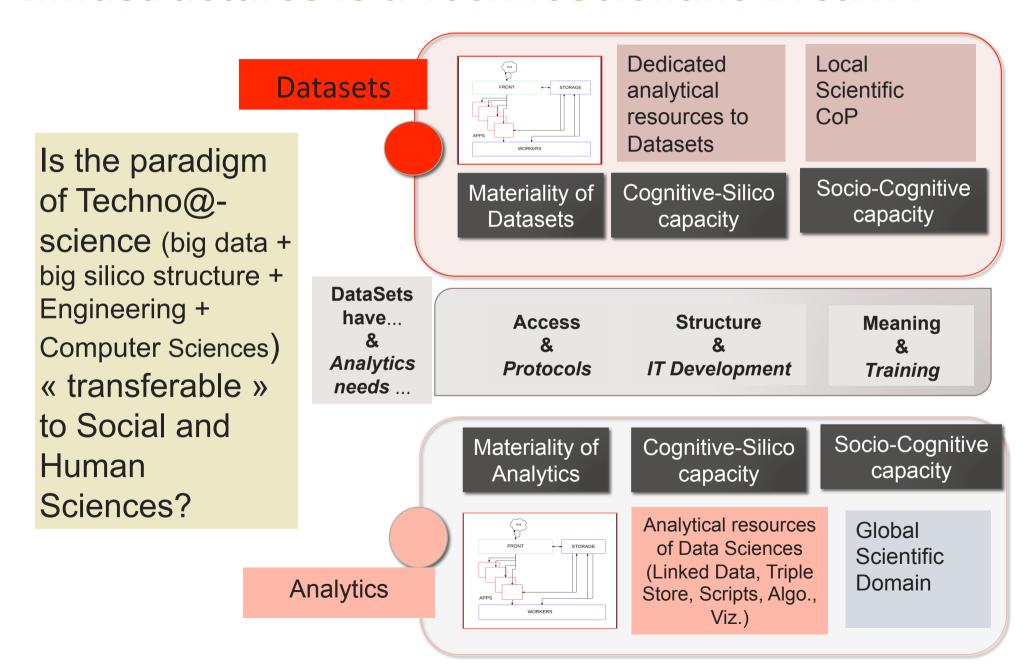
Bibliome UPE
Map of Extracted
Terms in
abstratct and
projection of
Subject Category

Pole UPE 2012-2015 Top 500 Termes extraits Métrique: Distributional

7 nearest nodes Tagging: 5 SUJ, Chi2



# Datasets and Analytics: running Digital Infrastructures is a Technoscientific Dream!



## **Two statements**

- The sub-politics of viz. is a matter of domestication of various and heterogeneous contexts of uses: it is not "goodies for dummies"!
- The sub-politics of infra-structuring viz. is a matter of deep transformations of the academic business: it is not "Digital Humanities at no-cost!

# The web of Challenges of Forthcoming Platforms of Digital Humanities/studies?

## An Epistemic Challenge for STS Researchers

- Pixelisation of sciences/society debates on the web
- Streams of d@t@ in any production system or business activities
- Time and Space of Research Activities (extraction of massive set of data, artificial experimenting, practices accountability)

#### Political Changes with Science-in-Society Accountability

Tools & Skills for Science Policy following an Alliance of Artificial Intelligence and Human & Social Sciences: library sciences, scientometrics, research management, collaborative accountability, web design

#### A technological Challenge for old-IA

Tools & Skills for the design of technological platforms for research: pluridisciplinary work between IT Engineers, Linguistic and Information Science and Human & Social Scientists (historian, sociologist, economist,...)